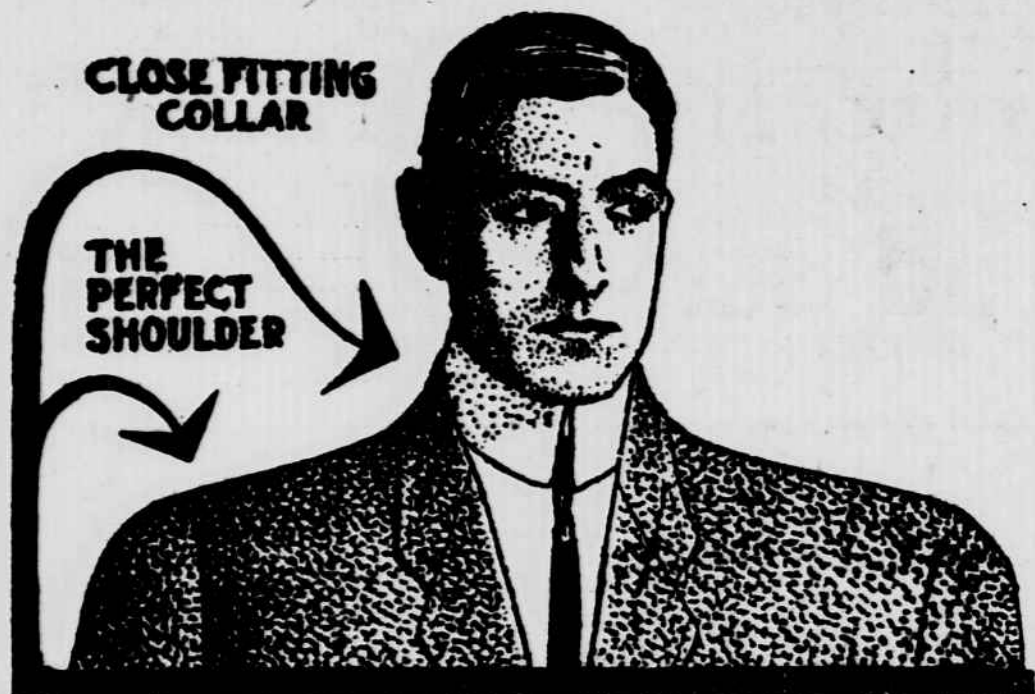


CHAS. KAUFMAN &amp; SONS, 431-433 7th Street.



## "Washington Navy," The Serge of Serges.

It stands every test, and strenuous service only furthers the reputation of our goods for satisfaction giving.

### Suits for \$15.

Worth more than any ever sold for the money. The cut, the fabric, the finish stamp them high class—the price makes them bargains.

Note the Perfect Shoulder and Close-fitting Collar.

**CHAS. KAUFMAN & SONS**  
431-433 SEVENTH ST.  
WE HAVE NO OTHER STORES.

DULIN &amp; MARTIN CO.

## Wedding Gifts for June Brides.

EVERY department of this store offers its quota of Wedding Gifts. Things rich, beautiful, ornate and useful are displayed on every side in a profusion which is remarkable when it is remembered that EVERYTHING offered is desirable.

If you contemplate purchasing a gift an inspection of the following will prove advantageous, whether you have much or little to expend:

- Imported Decorated China,
- Rich Cut Glass,
- Gold-decorated Glass,
- Sterling Silverware,
- Art Pottery,
- Lamps and Electroliers,
- Gas Portables,
- Brass Novelties,
- Bric-a-Brac, Etc.

**Dulin & Martin Co.,**

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, Etc.,  
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

UNION  
PACIFIC  
The  
Overland  
Route

## "The Way to Get the Most for Your Money"

GO TO

**Tacoma or Seattle**

VIA THE

**Union Pacific**

AND

**Portland, Ore.**

It will be to your advantage to make inquiry in regard to rates, train service, etc., before purchasing tickets. Inquire of

**J. B. DE FRIEST, G. A.,**

830 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

10-12, 13, 15, 19, 22, 23-48

**Mainspring, 75c.  
Crystal, 10c.**

—Our watchmaker has made a study of watch repairing, and in addition has had years of practical experience at the work. He is considered to be an expert in repairing Swiss, English and American watches.

**A. KAHN, 935 F St.**

mh20-tb4f.3m.20

**Old  
Gray  
Rye,  
\$1 qt.**

**To-Kalon**

The best whiskey to have in the house both for hospitality and for medicinal purposes. Makes the most delightful Ju-  
leps.

WINE CO.,  
614 14th St.  
Phone L. 008.

**Smoot, Coffey  
& McCalley,**

1216 F St. Phone M. 725

**Neckwear,  
25c and 50c.**

Everything that's new and pretty will be found in the lines at these prices. There are mull ties, lace and linen stocks and collars. Peter Thompson and Gibson collars, etc., in pleasing variety.

**Handkerchiefs.**

Ladies' Fine Linen Handkerchiefs with embroidered initial. Special **12 1/2c** at.

Ladies' Gossamer Lisle Hose in the new shades of tan, and in pink, blue, pearl, old rose and green. **50c** Special.

Complete lines of Lisle and Silk Hosiery at 25c to 75c pair.

**\$2.50 Chamois  
Gloves, \$2.**

12-button Chamois Gloves in natural and white; imported to sell for \$2.50. **\$2.00** Reduced to.

Complete showing of Silk and Fabric Gloves in shades to match most any costume.

We direct attention to our splendid lines of Parasols, Belts, Buckles, Fans, Ribbons, Corsets, Underwear, Veilings, etc.

**Smoot, Coffey & McCalley,**  
1216 F Street.

**Dr. Deimel**  
(LINEN-MESH)  
**Underwear**

Woolen underwear is far more injurious than is generally known. The healthiest, cleanest, most comfortable and refreshing wear is Linen. Not ordinary, plain, pure and chilling Linen, but the porous and improved Dr. Deimel.

**Deimel Linen-Mesh Store,**  
730 13th St. N.W.

ESTABLISHED 1842.

**STIEFF  
PIANOS** In all styles

"WITHOUT A RIVAL FOR TONE, TOUCH AND DURABILITY."  
SECOND-HAND PIANOS AT ALL PRICES.  
Including some of our own make, but slightly used.  
Tuning by Factory Experts.  
Direct Branch Warehouses of our Factory.

**CHAS. M. STIEFF,**  
1008-1010 F St. N.W.  
J. C. CONLIFF, Manager.

my13-tf.28

**London Twist  
Serge**  
THE FINE TAILORING TRADE MARK

**\$25** Combined With  
"The Simpson Make." **\$25**

There is no suit that is made out of which you can get more genuine satisfaction than a Suit of Blue Serge—that is, if the Serge is a good one. The "London Twist Serge" I am making to order at twenty-five dollars is the only Blue Serge that I know of at the price that will fully measure up to my ideas of a GOOD SERGE. Buy one on my say-so.

**SIMPSON**  
The HOME of  
GOOD  
TAILORING.  
1208 F St.  
Near 12th St.

## Aches

Are in the nerves—all feeling is. Headache, toothache, neuralgia, sciatica, rheumatic pains, backache, etc.—they're all there, but in different parts. It's nerve irritation. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve nerve irritation and pain subsides. They do not derange the stomach, or leave disagreeable after-effects. Your druggist can tell you that many use them, and would not be without them.

"I take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for headache, neuralgia, stomach ache, and pains of my nature. The best medicine."  
Miss LULA LITCH, Macon, Ga.

If they fail to help, your druggist will refund the money on first package.  
25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## COST OF GOVERNMENT

Gradual Increase in Expense Since 1878.

LAST YEAR \$578,903,747

Decrease in Pensions and Interest on Public Debt.

STAMPING THE PAPER MONEY

Checks on Dishonesty Employed in the Treasury—Only Two Thefts.

BY WILLIAM E. CURTIS.  
Written for The Star and the Chicago Record-Herald.

In answer to an inquiry I would say that the total expense of maintaining the government of the United States last year, including the pension list and the interest on the public debt, was \$578,903,747.75. This does not include the postal service, which, excepting a small annual deficit, is self-supporting, and costs nearly \$200,000,000 a year. The revenues from the sale of postage stamps are not included in the published receipts of the government, and the salaries of postmasters, the cost of transporting the mails, the rent of buildings for post offices and other items in the disbursement of the postal authorities are not included in the regular statement of the expenditures of the government, although it seems that they properly should be.

The most expensive year for Uncle Sam was 1885, when it cost him \$1,265,837,324.50 to run the government. Of that amount \$1,013,223,387.70 was paid for the defense of the Union, \$122,612,945.20 for the support of the navy and \$130,000,000 for the support of the army. The balance of about \$73,000,000 for all the rest of the expenses of the government, including the pension roll. In the following year, 1886, the total expenditures fell to \$250,750,340, and in 1887 they came down to \$140,720,325.

From that time they continued to grow smaller and smaller, until they reached low-water mark in 1878, which was the cheapest year for the government since 1861, and the total disbursements were \$228,169,000. Of this \$228,169,000 was interest on the public debt, which, being deducted, left about \$184,500,000 as the ordinary expense bill of the government.

Before the civil war for ten or twelve years the annual disbursements of the Treasury were, in the neighborhood of sixty-five or seventy million dollars, and they continued so until 1862, when the war expenses jumped to nearly \$450,000,000, and continued to increase enormously until high tide was reached in 1865, as I have already explained.

The Increase Since 1878.

Since low tide in 1878 there has been a gradual increase, until the \$300,000,000 mark was passed in 1881, the \$400,000,000 mark in 1887, and the \$500,000,000 mark in 1901. There has been considerable variation caused by the Spanish war and other reasons, like the increase of the navy and the increase of the army, but since the Spanish war, when the total expenditures reached \$605,000,000, all the ordinary expenses have gradually increased also, until they reached \$378,903,747.75 in 1907.

Before the Spanish war the army never cost more than fifty millions a year. The bill for 1890 was \$22,841,254, when it dropped to \$14,478,000, and continued to go down until we paid \$122,576,445 for the support of the army last year.

Low tide in the cost of the navy was reached in 1885, when the total expenditures for that branch of the service amounted to only \$13,536,984. Then the total began to rise gradually, with some variations as the program for the construction of new fleets was carried out, until 1898, the year of the Spanish war, when the total was \$122,612,945, and continued to grow until 1906, when \$117,500,308 was expended for new battleships and for the support of the navy—the largest sum for any year since the civil war.

When \$122,612,945 was disbursed in 1905, in no other year of the civil war was so much money paid out for building ships and naval expenses as in 1907.

The pension list reached its highest figures in 1883, when the enormous sum of \$150,357,357 was paid out as gratuities to the old soldiers and their widows and orphans. Since then the total has been gradually decreasing because of the death of the veterans, until the pension bill last year was \$139,900,514.

The interest on the public debt reached its highest figure in 1898, when the total was \$140,424,035—more than one-third of the entire expenses of the government. By the redemption of the bonds and by refunding them at a lower rate the interest charge has gradually been reduced until 1907, when it was only \$24,481,158.

Government's Paper Money.

The paper money of the government is brought in iron-bound chests locked and sealed from the vaults of the Treasury, and there delivered upon receipt to Mr. James A. Sample, chief of the division of currency, in the United States Treasury. They are complete with signature and numbers, except for the seal, which is printed upon them with power presses in a small apartment under the cash room. These presses are worked by two people, usually a man pressman and a woman feeder or assistant. When the money is counted automatically, bound in packages of equal numbers by bands of paper, marked, signed by the persons who handled them, and passed into the adjoining room, where the sheets are cut, the bills are recounted and inspected, so that the imperfect ones may be thrown out. They are then bound into packages of equal amounts and taken to the drying vault, where they lie upon the shelves for several weeks until the ink has become perfectly dry. Every safeguard that ingenuity can contrive is placed around these transactions and the chief of the division can tell which of his hundred or more subordinates have touched the different bills in the vaults. He knows who received them, who printed them, who counted them, and who handled them, and his history is recorded in an enormous book.

Only Two Thefts.

The combination of checks is so complete that Mr. Sample would know within twenty minutes if a single bill were missing. But he has had occasion to test this knowledge but twice within fifteen years. Only two attempts have ever been made to steal the money of the government while it is in this stage of its history. On one occasion many years ago a pressman passing a pile of notes upon the table of his neighbor slipped the top sheet under his blouse without being observed and carried it with him into the lavatory, where he was successful in escaping with the money. The theft was discovered within five minutes, and it was clearly apparent that he alone could be guilty, although the evidence was purely negative. He was arrested, but he was not a servant. No one saw him take the money. Therefore he was not arrested and was never publicly charged with the crime. But he was dismissed from the service and he knew the reason why. The bills were never recovered. He probably destroyed them, as they did not appear in circulation.

On another occasion eight or ten years ago a colored messenger whose business was to hand the money about on a cart slipped a loose sheet into his pocket unobserved while passing between the printing and the counting rooms. This theft was also unobserved, but the responsibility was fastened upon him. The pile of notes was complete when it left the printer, for it was counted and registered in the counting room. When it reached the counting room one sheet was missing and the package had not been out of the possession of the colored messenger in the meantime. Therefore he alone was responsible, and, as he could not offer any satisfactory explanation, he, too, was dismissed from the service, but he was not prosecuted, because there was no direct proof of his guilt.

To Preserve Timber Supply.

In reply to an inquiry as to how long our timber supply will last at the present rate of cutting, Mr. Gifford Pinchot, chief forester of the Agricultural Department, said:

"The estimates of the forest area of the United States vary from 500,000,000 acres to 700,000,000 acres, and they are supposed to contain from fourteen hundred to two thousand billion feet of timber. The annual growth is estimated at from thirty to forty-two billion feet, and the annual consumption at one hundred billion feet, which will make our supply last about twenty years. But if we can increase the growth and limit the cutting to what is only necessary that period could be doubled, or extended, at least, to thirty-three or thirty-five years. In order to accomplish this it is necessary to have a permanent body of foresters to cooperate with the government and state authorities in preserving the standing timber so far as possible and in preventing wastage. Only 22 per cent of the timber now standing is owned by the nation and the states; 78 per cent is owned by private individuals.

"This area, if properly cultivated and protected, should supply a larger population than ours with all the building material and fuel necessary. It is only needful to select the trees to be cut instead of allowing the entire forest to be devastated. It is the usual rule with lumbermen to begin at the limits of a forest and cut everything as it stands—large trees and small trees, the saplings as well as those that have gained their full growth and those that are passed maturity and in a state of decay. The saplings thus sacrificed are practically worthless, although if allowed to go on growing they would soon become merchantable timber. It is just like a man going into a flower garden and cutting off

Store Open Till 9 O'Clock Saturday.

**Lansburgh & Bro.,**  
420 to 426 7th St. 417 to 425 8th St.

## GREAT SACRIFICE SALE OF MEN'S SHIRTS.

This is without a doubt the greatest sale of Men's Shirts this season. These are made of fine percale or madras. Some are coat shirts, with cuffs attached or detached.

**\$1.00 and \$1.25 69c**  
**Men's Shirts... 98c**

The best spring patterns are included, and the qualities are the finer grades of percale and madras. There are only about 35 dozen, so be on time. Till they go... **69c**

## A GREAT PARASOL SALE.

A Manufacturer's Surplus Stock of Fine Silk Parasols at Bargain Prices.

**\$3.00 Parasols, Special, \$2.00.**

This lot consists of the following: Heavy All-silk Taffeta; plain or hemstitched; natural or enameled sticks to match silk. Plain Taffeta Top, with wide plaid border in blue, black or brown. Plain or Hemstitched Pongee; colored or self-border; enameled sticks to match border. Every Parasol is perfect and made in the latest shapes. Special... **\$2.00**

**\$3.98 Heather-bloom Petticoats... \$2.98**  
**\$7.50 Guaranteed Silk Petticoats... \$5.19**

Heatherbloom Taffeta Petticoats reproduce the luster, sheen and rustle of silk. A splendid assortment in a number of beautiful styles; full foundation and dust ruffle; lengths, 38 to 42. Special... **\$2.98**

These Skirts come in all the latest shades; in six different styles; they are absolutely guaranteed to wear and are the only dependable silk petticoats made. Regular \$7.50 value. Special... **\$5.19**

## SPECIAL BARGAINS IN NECKWEAR AND RIBBONS.

75 dozen Embroidered Linen Collars, all sizes. Regular price, 25c. Special for one day, **2 for 25c.**  
Dutch Neck Collars; new styles in lace and embroidered effects at 25c and 50c each; also 2 styles at a special price for one day only **2 for 25c.**  
100 dozen strips Ruching, Nets and Chiffon, in all white and colors. Regular price, 10c strip. Your choice of a large selection of 5c patterns. Strip... **5c**  
Gibson Lace Stocks, white and cream, with and without bows; 10 styles, all nicely made. Choice, each... **25c**  
25c and 50c Embroidered Mull Ties, in white and colored ends. Choice, each... **21c**  
Imported Lace Yokes, in round and pointed effects; white and cream. Regularly sold for 60c and 75c. Choice, each... **48c**  
Plaid Jabots, very stylish with linen collars; all white, pink, blue and lilac. Choice... **25c**  
4-inch All-silk Taffeta Ribbon, black, white and all colors. Regular price, 10c yard. Special, yard... **15c**  
All-silk 3 and 6 inch Taffeta Ribbon; all colors. Regular price, 25c yard. Special, yard... **19c**  
Fancy Novelty Belting, white, black and colors. Regular price, 30c. Special, yard... **25c**  
Gro Grain Hat Banding and Belting; novelty stripes. Special, yard... **5c**

## Glove Specials.

Ladies' 12-button Lisle Gloves, in white and black. Regular 50c value. Special... **39c**  
Ladies' 16-button Lisle Gloves, in white and black. Regular 60c value. Special... **69c**  
Ladies' 16-button Silk Lisle, in black, white and tan. Regular \$1.00 value. Special... **\$1.00**  
Ladies' 16-button Silk Lisle Gloves, in gray, tan, black and white. Regular \$1.50 value. Special... **\$1.39**  
Ladies' Two-class Lisle Gloves, in tan, gray, black and white. Regular 25c value. Special... **19c**  
Ladies' Two-class Taffeta Gloves, in black, white and tan. Regular 30c value. Special... **39c**  
Misses' Two-class, Double-tipped Silk Lisle Gloves, in white only. "Kaiser" make. For... **50c**  
Misses' One-class Lisle Gloves, in white and black. Regular 25c value. Special... **21c**  
Misses' Fine Ribbed Black Hose, double sole, spliced heel. 25c value. Special... **19c**  
Misses' Fine Lisle Hose, black, white and tan, double sole, spliced heel. 35c value. Special... **25c**  
Misses' Fine Gauze Lisle Hose, black and white, double sole, spliced heel. 35c value. Special... **35c**  
Ladies' Cotton Hose, plain black and split white sole. Special... **25c**  
Ladies' Fine Gauze Lisle Hose, black, double sole, spliced heel. 50c value. Special... **50c**

## June Sale of Boys' Clothing.

Encouraged by the successful results of our Annual June Sales, we have made still greater efforts this Saturday to keep up the GOOD WORK.

Come and see our grand display of bargains we offer.

200 Double-breasted and Norfolk Light Summer Cassimere and some All-wool Navy Blue Serge Suits; sizes 5 to 16; straight pants (no knickerbockers). \$2.00, \$3.00 **\$1.49** and \$4.00 values. Choice...  
Double-breasted Wash Suits; knickerbocker pants; sizes 8 to 16. 100 New England Crash. \$1.75 **\$1.29** value. Now...  
60 Russian Linen. \$2.50 value. **\$1.69** Now...  
50 Regulation Khaki. \$3.00 **\$1.98** value. Now...  
200 Light Madras Blouses and Shirts. 50c value. 35c, or 3 for... **\$1.00**  
100 White Linen Blouses; bell shape. 50c value. Now... **29c**  
A line of Light Gray and Brown Mixed Cassimere Youths' Long Pants Suits; sizes 15 to 20; double or single breasted; padded shoulders. \$6.00 and \$7.00 values. **\$4.98** Choice...

## Corsets That Satisfy.

That make the set of the outer garments right. These corsets fit.

C. B. Corset, made of batiste, high bust, long dip hip, extra long back. Special... **\$2.00**  
American Lady Corset, made of batiste, new high bust, long dip hip, two (2) sets of supporters. Special... **\$2.00**  
R. & G. Tapering-waist Corset, made of batiste, new high bust, long deep hip, long back. Garters attached. Special... **\$1.50**  
Warner Corset, made of batiste, high bust, long deep hip, two sets of supporters. Special... **\$1.00**

## TOILET NEEDS.

Cosmo Buttermilk Soap, only... 5c cake  
Cuticura Soap, best, only... 50c box  
Hebe Soap, for the complexion, only, 3 cakes for... 25c  
Sanitol Tooth Powder and Paste, only... 15c each  
Lyon's Tooth Powder, only... 14c  
Colgate's Tooth Paste, only... 20c  
Euthymol Tooth Paste, only... 20c  
Pears' Unscented Soap, only... 9c cake  
Sheffield's Tooth Paste, only... 16c  
Woodbury's Facial Soap, only... 15c  
Mennen's Talc. Powder... 11c  
5c cake  
Cuticura Soap, best, only... 50c box  
Hebe Soap, for the complexion, only, 3 cakes for... 25c  
Sanitol Tooth Powder and Paste, only... 15c each  
Lyon's Tooth Powder, only... 14c  
Colgate's Tooth Paste, only... 20c  
Euthymol Tooth Paste, only... 20c  
Pears' Unscented Soap, only... 9c cake  
Sheffield's Tooth Paste, only... 16c  
Woodbury's Facial Soap, only... 15c  
Mennen's Talc. Powder... 11c

## Manufacture of Spools.

Eight hundred million spools are manufactured annually in the United States and have a market value of nearly a million dollars. To make them eight million feet of white birch are consumed. Spool making is almost exclusively limited to the state of Maine, where there are a dozen or more factories. The birch logs are cut into bars from two and a half to four feet long and one and a half to three inches square, absolutely clear of knots and of perfectly straight grain. The trees are cut in winter and the bars are sawed in portable mills, from which they are hauled to convenient places and piled on the ground in order that they may become thoroughly seasoned. They are protected from the weather by movable sheds, and when they are fully seasoned they are shipped to the factories and run through

## Some Odd Epitaphs.

Mr. B. A. Leonard of De Pere, Wis., sends me the following epitaph, which he copied from the tombstones in the cemetery of Southbridge, Mass.:  
In memory of  
Dolly Clark,  
Who died  
Jonathan Green,  
Who died  
March 12, 1887,  
Aged 45.  
My sickness was severe:  
"Twain long and tedious, too."  
My children's love was all in vain.  
Likewise Davidsons.  
Helen M. Green,  
Died  
June 24, 1880.  
From the sorrows of earth her spirit's now freed,  
And rejoices with angels who happily indeed,  
Let your hearts on the willows no longer be bound,  
But rejoice that her Savior has taken her home.  
Lury J. Green,  
Who died  
July 5, 1880,  
Aged 21.  
Bound to us then, kind sister,  
By the strongest bonds of love;  
Yet we mourn not thy departure,  
Since thou art gone to heaven above.